# Features of Higo Iris

What makes it different from other irises?

A tall stem, large petals, and big center

Three or six large petals that spread out widely. The small petals at the center stand up, creating a beautiful silhouette

Colors of Higo Iris \$60% are white Dark blue Violet Reddish purple etc.







is paramount! There are many varieties

such as single color, bicolor,

color fringing, and stripes.

**Color clarity** 

# How many subtypes are there?

There are 1,296 different cultivated varieties

that Mangetsu-Kai has registered as of 2015.

### #History of the Higo Iris #

The founder of Higo Iris is Yoshida Junnosuke (1786-1870)

1830's Yoshida Junnosuke, a Higo domain retainer studied cultivation secrets under Shogunal retainer Matsudaira Sakingo (Sho-Oh) by request of the 10th Hosokawa Lord of the Higo Domain, Hosokawa Narimori, and received seeds, plants and records on how to grow irises.

Junnosuke promised not to remove flowers or seeds from the group.

More than 10 Higo Clan retainers started cultivating irises.

"Hanaren" groups met at night on the 16th day of each month 1826because the moonlight was so bright they didn't need a lantern 1860 on their way home.

Breeding and growing methods continued to progress.

The "Mangetsu-Sha" group is formed. 1886 Together they put all their effort into cultivating irises and produced new varieties and growing methods.

The group renamed to "Kumamoto Hanashobu Mangetsu-Kai" and continues to operate to this day.

# **Higo Iris**

They usually bloom from late May through mid-June



Kumamoto City Team Tentomushi

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### Appreciating Higo Iris

Normally, Higo Iris are grown in flower pots and displayed in a tatami room!

- ① Try standing and looking down at an angle for the best view of the center.
- 2 Then try sitting and looking at it from a distance to admire the flower, leaves, pot, and overall figure.

The flower only lasts 3 days! Enjoy the 3 steps! 1st day: Starts blooming 2nd day: Expands 3rd day: Full bloom!

### Now in Bloom

About 5,000 Higo Irises are planted in

**Shohin-Ken** in Yatsushiro City.

Irises are also planted in

the Zoological and Botanical Gardens, Suizenji Jojuen Garden and the Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo.



At Kumamoto Castle From early to mid-June
\*There's a possibility that schedule may b

### Mangetsu-Kai's Prohibition on Taking Higo Irises out of the Group \*

-Keeping Junnosuke's promise and preserving the purity of the true Higo Iris-

All the plants and seeds belong to the group, and members may not give them to anyone. When a member leaves the group, they have to give the plants and seeds back.

- 1910's A Tokyo University professor reported that "The Higo Iris is unlike any other flower in not only in Japan but in the world" at the International Botanical Congress.
  - →Higo Iris became well known worldwide.
  - →The group received a proposal to enter the iris at the 1929 Paris Expo but refused to keep their promise.
- 1930 American Iris Society asked the group for one of the plants but was denied.

The Kumamoto Hanashobu Mangetsu-kai continues to observe this rule to this day.

Through the hard work of Mangetsu-Kai members, the true varieties of Higo Iris continue to be preserved.

\* Flowers sold under the name Higo Irises are a botanically different plant and are not recognized by Mangetsu-Kai.





# Flower Features #

Big center (the pistil) Single layer of petals Clear color

Let's see what makes each flower distinct!

Precious Treasures of Kumamoto

The six unique kinds of flowers cultivated by the samurai of the Higo Domain

**Carrying on the Tradition Strong traditionalists in Kumamoto** known as "Higo Mokkos" have carefully preserved the methods of cultivation, formation and appreciation of potted plants, flowerbeds and bonsai.





Higo Iris

# History of Higo Rokka

What a profound craft!

Beginning in the 1700s,

The 6th Hosokawa Lord of the Domain, Hosokawa Shigekata (1720-1785) encouraged samurai in Kumamoto Domain to grow to practice selfdiscipline.

In the 1800s, during the reign of 10th-generation Hosokawa Narimori (1804-1860), the samurai formed groups called 'Hanaren' to establish new varieties of flowers and set rules to grow them.

Taking flowers and seeds out of the group was prohibited!

In 1960, six of these special varieties of flower were selected throughout the seasons for an exhibition that would be held in presence of the Emperor.

These six types of flower have been collectively called 'Higo Rokka' ever since.

Higo Rokka

Vol.3, 2023

**Iris Season** 





Higo Sasangua



# Let's learn about Higo Rokka!

This leaflet was created by

Meisters of Greening in Kumamoto City

Team てんとうむし(Ladybug)

We support preservation and cultivation of Higo Rokka!

Kumamoto City Team Tentomushi

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## Higo Rokka **Blooming Calendar**

Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec From mid-February to the end of March

#### Higo Camellia ひごつばき

Can be found at the Zoological and botanical Gardens, Prefectural Athletic Park, Suizenji Jojuen Garden, Country Park in Kumamoto and Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo

\* Exhibition at Suizenji Jojuen Garden

From late April through early May

#### Higo Peony ひごしゃくやく

Can be found at the Zoological and Botanical Gardens, Suizenji Jojuen Garden in Kumamoto, Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo and

Kvuhoji Rvokuchi Park in Osaka

\* Exhibition at Suizenii Joiuen Garden, Tsukahara Museum

From late May through mid-June

#### Higo Iris ひごはなしょうぶ

Can be found at Shohinken garden, the Zoological and Botanical Gardens, Suizenii Joiuen Garden in Kumamoto and Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo

\* Exhibition at Kumamoto Castle, Suizenji Jojuen Garden

From July to September 4

#### Higo Morning Glory ひごあさがお

\* Exhibition at Kumamoto Castle, Suizenji Jojuen Garden, Aspecta, Kumamoto Shintoshin Plaza, Koraimon Gate

From mid-November through early December

Higo Chrysanthemum ひごぎく



Can be found at Suizenji Jojuen Garden

\* Exhibition at Kumamoto Castle, Kumamoto Shintoshin Plaza Former Residence of Hosokawa Gyobu, Suizenji Jojuen Garden, Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo

#### From November through December

Can be found at the Zoological and Botanical Gardens

Suizenji Jojuen Garden, Prefectural Athletic Park in Kumamoto and Higo Hosokawa Garden in Tokyo

\* Exhibition at Suizenji Jojuen Garden

Higo Sasangua ひごさざんか

# Higo Rokka are often used as designs in Kumamoto

←A manhole cover with a Higo Camellia design

